UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT DISTRICT OF SOUTH CAROLINA AIKEN DIVISION

Lawrence Johnson and Dorothy) COMPLAINT
Johnson,)
Plaintiffs,)
v.	CA 1:14-3693-JMC
Capital One Bank USA, N.A.,)) JURY TRIAL DEMANDED)
Defendant.)

COMPLAINT

1. This is an action brought by Plaintiffs, Lawrence and Dorothy Johnson, for actual and statutory damages for Defendant's violations of the Telephone Consumer Protection Act, 47 U.S.C. §227, et seq (hereinafter "TCPA"). Plaintiffs also seek compensatory and punitive damages for the Defendant's violations of South Carolina common law set forth herein.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

2. This Court has Jurisdiction under 28 U.S.C. §1332 and §1367. Venue is proper in that the Defendant transacted business here, and the Plaintiffs reside here. The amount in controversy exceeds the jurisdictional requirements of this Court.

PARTIES

3. Plaintiff, Lawrence Johnson, is a resident and citizen of the State of South Carolina, Aiken County, and is over the age of twenty-one (21) years.

- 4. Plaintiff, Dorothy Johnson, is a resident and citizen of the State of South Carolina, Aiken County, and is over the age of twenty-one (21) years.
- 5. Defendant Capital One Bank USA, N.A. (hereinafter "Capital One"), whose correct corporate status is unknown to the Plaintiff at this time, was in all respects and at all times relevant herein, doing business in the State of South Carolina. Defendant Capital One may be served with process through its registered agent for service of process, Corporation Service Company, 11 South 12th Street, Richmond, Virginia 23219.

FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS

- 6. Starting in or around August, 2013, Defendant began making telephone calls to Plaintiffs' home and cellular telephones in an attempt to collect on an alleged account.

 Defendant made multiple telephone calls per day to Plaintiffs in an attempt to collect an the alleged account and said telephone calls were made with the intent to harass, coerce or annoy Plaintiffs into paying the alleged debt.
- 7. Plaintiffs did not, and have not, consented to Defendant calling them on their cellular telephones.
- 8. Upon information and belief, Defendant made telephone calls from at least four (4) different telephone numbers to contact Plaintiffs in its attempts to harass Plaintiffs into paying on the alleged account.
- 9. From August of 2013 until February of 2014, Defendant carried out a systematic

- campaign of harassment against Plaintiffs by calling Plaintiffs more than two hundred seventy-five (275) times.
- 10. Upon information and belief, every call made by Defendant to Plaintiffs was in an attempt to collect an alleged debt and was made with the intent and purpose to harass, annoy and/or coerce the Plaintiffs into paying an alleged debt.
- 11. In September, 2013, Defendant made at least twenty four (24) telephone calls to Plaintiffs in an attempt to collect an alleged debt.
- 12. In October, 2013, Defendant made at least fifty two (52) telephone calls to Plaintiffs in an attempt to collect an alleged debt.
- 13. In November, 2013, Defendant made at least fifty five (55) telephone calls to Plaintiffs in an attempt to collect an alleged debt.
- 14. In December, 2013, Defendant made at least forty seven (47) telephone calls to Plaintiffs in an attempt to collect an alleged debt.
- 15. In January, 2014, Defendant made at least fifty five (55) telephone calls to Plaintiffs in an attempt to collect an alleged debt.
- 16. In February, 2014, Defendant made at least forty one (41) telephone calls to Plaintiffs in an attempt to collect an alleged debt.
- 17. The relentless telephone calls made by Defendant to Plaintiffs in an attempt to collect the alleged debt were all made with the intent to harass, annoy or coerce Plaintiffs into paying an alleged debt.

- 18. Upon information and belief, a number of calls placed to the Plaintiffs' cellular telephones by Defendant were made through the use of an automatic telephone dialing system as defined by 47 U.S.C. § 227.
- 19. Defendant repeatedly called Plaintiffs on numbers that were assigned to a cellular telephone service. Additionally, Plaintiffs incur a charge for incoming calls pursuant to 47 U.S.C. §227(b)(1).
- 20. Plaintiffs did not expressly, or impliedly, consent to Defendant's placement of telephone calls to their cellular telephones by the use of an automatic telephone dialing system pursuant to 47 U.S.C. §227(b)(1)(A).
- 21. Plaintiffs revoked any consent allegedly given for Defendant to call Plaintiffs' cellular telephones by telling the callers to stop calling their cellular telephone numbers.
- 22. Defendant knew, or should have known, that they were calling and continuing to call Plaintiffs' cellular telephone numbers without Plaintiffs' consent.
- 23. None of Defendant's telephone calls placed to Plaintiffs were for emergency purposes as defined by 47 U.S.C. §227 (b)(1)(A)(I).
- 24. The telephone calls made by Defendant were in violation of 47 U.S.C. §227(b)(1).

COUNT ONE(Violation of the Telephone Consumer Protection Act)

- 25. Plaintiffs hereby adopt all of the allegations set forth in paragraphs 6 through 24 as if set forth fully herein.
- 26. The foregoing acts and omissions of Defendant constitute numerous and multiple

- negligent violations of the TCPA, including but not limited to each and every one of the above-cited provisions of 47 U.S.C. § 227 et seq.
- 27. As a result of Defendant's negligent violations of 47 U.S.C. § 227 et seq., Plaintiffs are entitled to an award of \$500.00 in statutory damages, for each and every violation, pursuant to 47 U.S.C.§ 227(b)(3)(B).

COUNT TWO

(Violation of the Telephone Consumer Protection Act)

- 28. Plaintiffs hereby adopt all of the allegations set forth in paragraphs 6 through 27 as if set forth fully herein.
- 29. The foregoing acts and omissions of Defendant constitute numerous and multiple knowing and/or willful violations of the TCPA, including but not limited to each and every one of the above-cited provisions of 47 U.S.C. § 227 et seg.
- 30. As a result of Defendant's knowing and/or willful violations of 47 U.S.C. §227 *et seq.*, the Plaintiffs are entitled to treble damages, as provided by statute, up to \$1,500.00, for each and every violation, pursuant to 47 U.S.C. §227(b)(3)(B) and 47 U.S.C. § 227(b)(3)©.

COUNT THREE

(Negligent Training and Supervision)

- 31. Plaintiffs hereby adopt all of the allegations set forth in paragraphs 6 through 30 as if set forth fully herein.
- 32. Defendant knew or should have known of their inadequate training and supervision.

- If Defendant had properly trained and supervised their employees, agents, and assigns, the conduct set forth herein which was directed at and visited upon the Plaintiffs would not have occurred.
- 33. Defendant knew or should have known that the conduct of their employees, agents, and/or assigns was improper and was in violation of the TCPA, and South Carolina law.
- 34. Defendant negligently failed to train and supervise their employees, agents, and/or assigns in order to prevent said improper conduct.
- 35. As a result of the Defendant's negligence, the Plaintiffs incurred costs for the calls to their cellular telephones, and suffered humiliation, loss of sleep, anxiety, nervousness, physical sickness, physical and mental suffering, pain, and anguish.

COUNT FOURReckless and Wanton Training and Supervision

- 36. Plaintiffs hereby adopt all of the allegations set forth in paragraphs 6 through 35 as if set forth fully herein.
- 37. Defendant knew or should have known of their inadequate training and supervision.

 If Defendant had properly trained and supervised their employees, agents, and assigns, the conduct set forth herein which was directed at and visited upon the Plaintiffs would not have occurred.
- 38. Defendant knew or should have known that the conduct of their employees, agents, and/or assigns was improper and in violation of the TCPA, and South Carolina law.

- 39. Defendant recklessly and wantonly failed to train and supervise their employees, agents, and/or assigns in order to prevent said improper conduct.
- 40. As a result of the Defendant's recklessness and wantonness, the Plaintiffs incurred costs for the calls to their cellular telephones, and suffered humiliation, loss of sleep, anxiety, nervousness, physical sickness, physical and mental suffering, pain, and anguish.

COUNT FIVE (Invasion of Privacy)

- 41. Plaintiffs hereby adopt all of the allegations set forth in paragraphs 6 through 40 as if set forth fully herein.
- 42. South Carolina state law recognizes the Plaintiffs' right to be free from invasions of privacy in such a manner as to outrage or cause serious mental suffering, shame, and humiliation to Plaintiffs.
- 43. Defendant intentionally intruded upon the Plaintiffs' right to privacy by continually harassing the Plaintiffs with telephone calls to collect an alleged debt.
- 44. The telephone calls made by Defendant to Plaintiffs were so persistent and repeated with such frequency that they were outrageous, caused Plaintiffs serious mental suffering and invaded the Plaintiffs' privacy.
- 45. The conduct of the Defendant in engaging in the systematic campaign of harassment by repeatedly telephoning the Plaintiffs over 275 times in 7 months demonstrates Defendant's blatant and shocking disregard for Plaintiffs' rights and resulted in

- multiple invasions of privacy in such a way as would be considered highly offensive to a reasonable person.
- 46. As a result of the intrusions and invasions into Plaintiffs' privacy, the Plaintiffs are entitled to compensatory damages in an amount to be determined by a struck jury.
- 47. Additionally, as all of the acts undertaken and performed by the Defendant and its employees and/or agents were committed with malice, intent, wantonness, and recklessness, the Plaintiffs are also entitled to punitive damages from the Defendant.

COUNT SIX(Intentional Infliction of Emotional Distress)

- 48. Plaintiffs hereby adopt all of the allegations set forth in paragraphs 6 through 47 as if set forth fully herein.
- 49. Defendant intentionally or recklessly inflicted severe emotional distress on Plaintiffs, or should have been substantially certain that such distress would result from its conduct when it committed the above-alleged conduct. Said conduct was part of a conscious scheme of Defendant to harass Plaintiffs into making payments on an alleged debt through practices are that forbidden by the TCPA and South Carolina law.
- 50. The conduct of Defendant was extreme, outrageous, and exceeded the bounds of decency.
- 51. The conduct of Defendant must be regarded as utterly intolerable in a civilized society.

- 52. The actions of Defendant caused Plaintiffs to suffer severe emotional distress.
- 53. The distress suffered by Plaintiffs was so severe that no reasonable person could be expected to endure it.
- 54. As a result of Defendant's conduct, Plaintiffs have been made to suffer severe emotional distress, mental anguish, severe physical pain and suffering, anxiety, and humiliation. Plaintiffs are entitled to actual damages for Defendant's intentional infliction of emotional distress as well as punitive damages.

AMOUNT OF DAMAGES DEMANDED

WHEREFORE, PREMISES CONSIDERED, Plaintiffs demand a judgment against Defendant for the following:

- A. Statutory damages of \$500.00 from Defendant for each and every negligent violation of the TCPA;
- B. Treble statutory damages of \$1,500.00 for each and every call made to the Plaintiffs' cell phones by Defendant as each and every call was a knowing and/or willful violation of 47 U.S.C. §227 et seq.;
- C. For compensatory and punitive damages in an amount to be determined by a struck jury for Defendant's negligent training and supervision, reckless and wanton training and supervision, invasion of privacy, and intentional infliction of emotional distress;
- D. For this matter to be heard by a jury; and

E. For such other and further relief as this Court deems necessary and proper.

/s/ Penny Hays Cauley
Penny Hays Cauley, Fed ID No 10323
Attorney for Plaintiffs

OF COUNSEL:

HAYS CAULEY, P.C. 1303 West Evans Street Florence, SC 29501 (843) 665-1717 (843) 665-1718 Facsimile phc917@hayscauley.com

PLAINTIFFS DEMAND A TRIAL BY STRUCK JURY ON ALL COUNTS

/s/ Penny Hays Cauley Of Counsel

DEFENDANTS TO BE SERVED VIA CERTIFIED MAIL:

Capital One Bank USA, N.A. c/o Corporation Service Company - Registered Agent 11 South 12th Street Richmond, VA 23219